seys, and Dropaical Swellings. HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU FOR WEAKNESS.



The Constitution once affected by Organic Weakness, re quirse the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the stem, which Helmbold's Extract Borbu invariably does. 11 eatment is submitted to. Consumption or Instally ensues



HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU. In affections peculiar to females, in unequaled by any other



USE NO MORE UNFLEASANT AND DANGEROUS MEDICINE FOR UNPLEASANT AND DANGEROUS DISEASES.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

IMPROVED ROSE WASH.



FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in act

tine, should procure the Remedy at once.

THE SYMPTOMS OF ABOVE DISEASES ARE
ALARMING, AMONG WHICH WILL BE FOUND

General Debility, Physical and Mental Decay, Ambeelisty, Rush of Blood to the Head, Confused Brain, Diseases of the Womb, General Irritation, Restlessness and Sleeplessbess at

Night, cular Prostration, Loss of Appetite, Wasting Away, Lowness of Spirits, Disorganizat or Paralysis of the Generative Organs, Palpitation of

The reader must be aware that however slight may be th which of the above diseases or symptoms, it is cen-mised the bodily-health, mental powers and happiness. All the above diseases require the aid of a disretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

BELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

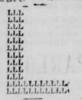
EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. For carifying the blood, removing all chronic constitu



AND BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION.

only anything they have ever taken, anything they have ever taken, the Extract of Sarangarilla, added to came it the Lebon Diet Brink, and one alto a paleo of the Shup of Sarangarilla or rounly made.

THESE EXTRAC TS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED TAILES ARMY, and are also in very general ose in all the r tate HOSFITALS and FUBLIC SANTARY INSTITTION. We throughout the land, as well as in priming practice, and are of well-depol as invaluable remedies.



TROM DISPENSATIONY OF THE UNITED STATES.
See Fred Dewers valuable works on the Practice of Physics.
See remark made by the late celebrated By. Physics of
Philodelphia.

Plaindeighia.
See tenaste made by Dr. Frunkin. Mci. Owell. a celebrated Physician and Member of the Royal College of Surgeon. Ironal, and published in the Transaction of the King and Quees Fournal.
See Medico Chirargical Review, published by Britania Tarrens, eliew of Royal College of Surgeons.
See most of the late Standard Works on Medicine.

EXTRACT BUCHU. SARSAPANILLA. Sold by all Druggists.

JUNCIPAL DEPOTS: PRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

NO. 594 BROADWAY,

New-York Tribune.



VOL. XXV No. 7,764.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1866.

PRICE FOUR CENTS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

Proposed Continuance of the Freedmen's Bureau.

THE QUESTION OF REPRESENTATION.

The Concurrent Resolution.

Important Senatorial Debate.

VOORHEES UNSEATED-96 TO 28.

Important Circular from Gen. Howard

VARIOUS MATTERS.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS. After the expiration of the morning hour Senator Fessenden called up the concurrent resolution that, after the occurrences of yesterday, Senator might be laboring under unusual excitement. It was inferred by some that Mr. Sherman was opposed to the resolution, but Senators who may be presumed to be well informed believe that Sherman will vote with the majority. The resolution was taken up, and Mr. Fessender delivered a magnificent speech in favor of it, giving also his views on the general subject of reconstruction at length. While he was speaking, Mr. Stevens entered the Senate Chamber and took his seat side by side with Mr. Sumner. When the two men who yesterday had been designated by the President as his enemies, and by implication accused of a desire of assassinating is was evident there would have been an outburst of applause, had not the Senate just passed a resolution

THE PRESIDENT'S PAUX PAST Some of the President's friends are to-day endeavoring to pulliate the President's performance yesterday on the ground that he was under the influence of liquor, this, however, is without foundation; the President, according to the accounts given by the most trustworthy witnesses, was entirely sober when he de-

was mainly engaged in the special order, the contested election case between Voorhees and Washburne. Mr. Voorbees made a speech in his own defense, which indicated more ability, than willingness, to retire. He announced himself as the persons. friend and defender of President Johnson; a fact not

in investigation, the guilty person will whether he can be replaced or not, for the energy and fidelity you have empissioner is pleased to express an in your ability to cope with any new ise, I am, very respectfully your ob't, OWARD, Maj. Gen. Commissioner,

THE CATTLE DISEASE.

The United States Consul at Manchester, England, writes to the Department of State under date of Feb. 2, 1806, that as a last resort, the experiment of

of Tennessee. Upon consultation, both resolutions were withdrawn, it being thought that it was the true policy of the majority in Congress to declare its position apon pending questions by their votes, as such questions should arise, without committing themselves by general declarations of opinion which might be modified by events. It was then agreed to appoint a Committee of one from each State, to raise an Executive Committee of even, whose duty it will be to circulate amongst the people such documents as will convey the views of the Union party upon pending questions; and it seemed to be the universal sentiment of the caucus; that no reply should be made in, or out of Congress, to the incending ventiment tately untered by the President of the reports of the President's speech sent abroad were carefully dressed up so as not to be too offensive to the sensibilities of decent people. The most accurate account is published by The Faskington Citronick, but even this does not come up to the trult it does not contain the many interruptions by men among the crowd, such as "Gire it to them, Andy," and similar exchamations. The President's registration of the boll the morning the household of the president's speech sent abroad were carefully dressed up so as not to be too offensive to the sensibilities of decent people. The most accurate account is published by The Faskington (Livos), but even this does not come up to the trult it does not contain the many interruptions by men among the crowd, such as "Gire it to them, Andy," and similar exchamations. The President manner was very violent; he grashed his teeth, and spoke in a loud voice, and in a holsterous manner; the whele meeting had the character of a Tammany Hall performance on a night before election. It is said that the President is really possessed with the idea of being in danger of assassination, and that this idea is disturbing his brain very considerably. Of course, the President is really possessed with the idea of being in danger of assassination, and th

its consideration for a few days, and go on with the regular order of our business, and act upon the Constitutional amendment which has been so long debated in this body. Therefore I shall vote sgainst taking up this resolution at the present time. Suppose you pass it: what difference would it make! It will be simply an assertion of a power, asserted by the Senate over and over again. I may state that the Judiciary Committee, at the last session, reported, almost unanimously, a similar resolution, A proposition, similar in character, has already passed the Senate. There is no good to come from the immediate discussion of this question. Suppose we resolve until both Houses agree there shall be no representatives admitted into the House from Tennessee shall be sheld occur in the House, and a majority should decide according to their constitutional right to permit the representatives from Tennessee to their sents, would the decision of the Senate affect them? We know it would not. Each House should be the Judge of the election, returns and

Trumbull.

The question was then taken on proceeding to the consideration of the House concurrent resolution that no Senators or Representatives from any of the so-called Confederate States shall be admitted to either House until Congress shall have decided such State entitled to such representation.

Mr. JOHNSON called for the yeas and nays, which were ordered as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Authory, Brown, Chandler, Clerk, Conness, Cragin, Creswell, Fessenden, Foster, Griues, Harris, Howard, Howe, Kickwood, Lane (Ind.), Morreil, Nye, Poland, Pomeroy, Ramery, Summer, Trumbull, Wade, Willey, Williams, Wilson—16.

NAYS—Messrs. Buckalew, Cowan, Davis, Dixon, Deolittle, Guthrie, Hendricks, Johnson, Lane (Kaneas), McDougal, Morgan, Nesmith, Norton, Riddle, Saulsbury, Sherman, Stewart, Steckton, Van Winkie—13.

So the resolution was taken up.

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the third president in the president in t

Senate affect them? We know it would not. Each House should be the judge of the election, returns and qualifications of its own members, so that the declaration of this resolution would practically amount to nothing at all. It would not prevent either House from pearting whatever it chose. It would only make a careful which authorizes and empowers such branched to exacting whatever it chose. It would only make a careful which authorizes and qualification of its careful issue between the President and Congress;

om my colleague, and the Senator from Maine who ssumes to say that the Chief Magistrate denied this ody the right to Judge whether certain States are in a undition to be represented here.

Mr. TRUMBULL—I insist upon the question of order, ad when I call the Senator to order, he must suspend is remarks.

The CHAIR sustained the point of order raised by Mr.

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destroy him at the theater. A negro woman, who evidently represented the situation, was overheard, residently comprehended the situation, was overheard, residently comprehended the situation, was overheard, residently considered the situation of the situatio

earliest possible moment consistent with the safety After an executive session the Senate adjourned.

No. 104 South Teach st., Philadelphia, Pa.

PLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

CONGRESS.

SPEECH OF SENATOR FESSENDEN.

No Vote on the Main Question. THE INDIANA CONTESTED ELECTION

THE GETTYSBURG MONUMENT.

objected to its immediate contideration on the ground

that these who indulged in such demonstrations should

vered his speech. The apology is not available in this THE HOUSE